

York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended August 31, 2015

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Management Report

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the York Catholic District School Board are the responsibility of the Board management and have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act, supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act, as described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Board management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management. The Board meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Board. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Board's consolidated financial statements.

Director of Education

November 10, 2015

Chief Financial Officer



Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Board of Trustees of the York Catholic District School Board

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of York Catholic District School Board, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2015, the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of York Catholic District School Board as at and for the year ended August 31, 2015 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.



Emphasis of Matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and the significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Toronto, Canada November 10, 2015 Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants



York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at August 31,		2015		2014
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,288,262	S	32,403,094
Accounts receivable	,	24,453,205	"	25,414,317
Accounts receivable - Government of Ontario (Note 3)		388,698,761		409,028,754
Other financial assets		719,744	-	957,600
Total financial assets		454,159,972	1	467,803,765
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		41,784,021		38,072,965
Deferred revenue (Note 5)		19,581,442		25,684,228
Other liabilities		5,012,507		3,721,978
Deferred capital contributions (Note 6)		679,815,316		680,388,210
Retirement and other employee future benefits (Note 7)		19,692,533		21,948,721
Net long-term debt and capital lease (Note 8)		376,290,143	-	<u>394,902,592</u>
Total liabilities	:	<u>1,142,175,962</u>	1,	164,718,694
Net debt	9	(688,015,990)	((696,914 <u>,929</u>)
Non-financial assets				
Tangible capital assets (Note 12)		900,309,406	-	901,557,411
Accumulated surplus (Note 13)	\$_	212,293,416	\$_	204,642,482

Contractual obligations and contingent liabilities (Note 15) Subsequent event (Note 18)

Signed on behalf of the Board:

Chief Executive Officer

Chair of the School Board

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York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the year ended August 31	2015	2015	2014
	Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenues			
Provincial grants	\$ 579,200,526	\$ 575,019,576	\$ 541,840,755
Deferred capital contribution revenue	28,545,153	29,362,497	27,728,079
Provincial grants – grants for student needs	607,745,679	604,382,073	569,568,834
Provincial grants - other	10,004,581	11,797,108	36,487,307
School generated funds	24,000,000	24,356,308	24,137,289
Investment income	400,000	861,535	1,305,575
Other fees and revenues	<u>14,670,844</u>	18,612,726	<u>14,417,900</u>
Total revenues	656,821,104	660,009,750	645,916,905
Expenses (Note 11)			
Instruction	486,427,449	487,912,368	476,189,649
Administration	15,249,195	16,396,837	16,248,530
Transportation	16,069,863	16,691,829	15,993,146
Pupil accommodation	107,054,179	106,931,753	104,804,428
School generated funds	24,003,000	23,906,699	23,594,574
Other	<u>474,080</u>	519,330	<u>782,536</u>
Total expenses	649,277,766	652,358,816	637,612,863
Annual surplus	7,543,338	7,650,934	8,304,042
Accumulated surplus at beginning of year	202,716,221	204,642,482	196,338,440
Accumulated surplus at end of year	\$ 210,259,559	\$_212,293,416	\$ 204,642,482

York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended August 31	2015
Operating transactions	
Annual surplus	\$ 7,650,934
Sources and (uses)	
Non-cash items including:	
Amortization, write downs and gain/ on disposal	30,045,977
Deferred capital contributions amortization (Note 6)	(29,362,497)
Decrease in retirement and other employee	, , , ,
future benefits	(2,256,188)
Decrease in accounts receivable	961,112
Decrease in assets held for sale	-
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	237,856
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,711,056

(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue

Cash provided by operating transactions

Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets

Cash (applied to) capital transactions

Cash provided by financing transactions

Change in cash and cash equivalents

Opening cash and cash equivalents

Closing cash and cash equivalents

Decrease in deferred revenue

Long term debt issued

Proceeds on sale of assets held for sale (Note 4)

Decrease in accounts receivable – Government of Ontario

Debt repayment and sinking fund contributions (Note 10)

Gain on disposal of restricted assets included in deferred revenue (Note 4)

Additions to deferred capital contributions (Note 6)

Increase in other liabilities

Capital transactions

Financing

(4,065,610)

1,290,529

<u>8,213,169</u>

(28,797,972)

(28,797,972)

20,329,993

28,789,603

(2,037,176)

196,179

<u>(18,808,628)</u>

<u>28,469,971</u>

7,885,168

<u>32,403,094</u>

40,288,262

2014

8,304,042

28,411,559

(27,728,079)

(1,247,235)

929,706

(429,516)

(4,782,233)

4,791,116

<u>8,780,385</u>

2,769,218

(32,176,220)

(29,407,002)

9,527,671

31,758,693

(664,722)

(2,769,217)

26,805,894

(31,408,951)

<u>33,249,368</u>

12,622,751

<u>19,780,343</u>

32,403,094

531,024



York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

For the year ended August 31

2015

2014

Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of:

Cash Short term investments	\$	40,288,262	\$ 15,403,094 17,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	40,288,262	\$ 32,403,094



York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt

For the year ended August 31	2015	2014
Operating transactions Annual surplus	\$ <u>7,650,934</u>	\$8,304,042
Tangible capital asset activity Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(28,797,972) _30,045,977	(32,176,220) _28,411,559
Total tangible capital asset activity	1,248,005	(3,764,661)
Decrease in net debt	8,898,939	4,539,381
Net debt at beginning of year	(696,914,929)	(701,454,310)
Net debt at end of year	\$ <u>(688,015,990)</u>)	\$ <u>(696,914,929)</u>

August 31, 2015

1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with the basis of accounting described below.

a) Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act.

The Financial Administration Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles determined by the relevant Ministry of the Province of Ontario. A directive was provided by the Ontario Ministry of Education within memorandum 2004:B2 requiring school boards to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards commencing with their year ended August 31, 2004 and that changes may be required to the application of these standards as a result of regulation.

In 2011, the government passed Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. The Regulation requires that contributions received or receivable for the acquisition or development of depreciable tangible capital assets and contributions of depreciable tangible capital assets for use in providing services, be recorded as deferred capital contributions and be recognized as revenue in the statement of operations over the periods during which the asset is used to provide service at the same rate that amortization is recognized in respect of the related asset. The regulation further requires that if the net book value of the depreciable tangible capital asset is reduced for any reason other than depreciation, a proportionate reduction of the deferred capital contribution along with a proportionate increase in the revenue be recognized. For Ontario school boards, these contributions include government transfers, externally restricted contributions and, historically, property tax revenue.

The accounting policy requirements under Regulation 395/11 are significantly different from the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards which require that

- government transfers, which do not contain a stipulation that creates a liability, be recognized as
 revenue by the recipient when approved by the transferor and the eligibility criteria have been met in
 accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3410;
- externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are
 used for the purpose or purposes specified in accordance with public sector accounting standard
 PS3100; and
- property taxation revenue be reported as revenue when received or receivable in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3510.

As a result, revenue recognized in the statement of operations and certain related deferred revenues and deferred capital contributions would be recorded differently under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

August 31, 2015

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

b) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Board and which are controlled by the Board.

School generated funds, which include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of various organizations that exist at the school level and which are controlled by the Board are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

The Board's consolidated financial statements reflect the proportionate consolidation of the Student Transportation Services - York Region Consortium whereby they include the assets that the Consortium controls, the liabilities that it has incurred, and its pro-rata share of revenues and expenses.

Interdepartmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

c) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Board are not included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the Board.

d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments. Short-term investments are highly liquid, subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and have a short maturity term of less than 90 days.

e) Investments

Temporary investments consist of marketable securities which are liquid short-term investments with maturities of between three months and one year at the date of acquisition, and are carried on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at the lower of cost or market value.

Long-term investments consist of investments that have maturities of more than one year. Long-term investments are recorded at cost, and assessed regularly for permanent impairment.

f) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services are performed.

August 31, 2015

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

g) Deferred Capital Contributions

Contributions received or receivable for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset for use in providing services, or any contributions in the form of depreciable tangible assets received or receivable for use in providing services, shall be recognized as deferred capital contribution as defined in Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. These amounts are recognized as revenue at the same rate as the related tangible capital asset is amortized. The following items fall under this category:

- Government transfers received or receivable for capital purpose
- Other restricted contributions received or receivable for capital purpose
- · Property taxation revenues which were historically used to fund capital assets

h) Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include pension, life insurance, health care benefits, dental benefits, retirement gratuity, worker's compensation and long-term disability benefits. The Board has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

- The costs of self-insured retirement and other employee future benefit plans are actuarially
 determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at
 retirement, insurance, health care and dental costs trends, disability recovery rates, long-term inflation
 rates and discount rates.
- The cost of retirement gratuities are actuarially determined using the employee's salary, banked sick days and years of service as at August 31, 2012 and management's best estimate of discount rates. Any actuarial gains and losses arising from changes to the discount rate are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.
- For self-insured retirement and other employee future benefits that vest or accumulated over the
 periods of service provided by employees, life insurance and health care and dental benefits for
 retirees, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service.
 Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the
 employee group.
- For those self-insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for worker's compensation, long-term disability and life insurance and health care and dental benefits for those on disability leave, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise.
- The costs of multi-employer defined pension plan benefits, such as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System pensions, are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period. The costs of insured benefits are the employer's portion of insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

August 31, 2015

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical cost includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset, as well as interest related to financing during construction. When historical cost records were not available, other methods were used to estimate the costs and accumulated amortization.

Leases which transfer substantially all the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Estimated Useful Life in Years
Land improvements with finite lives	15
Buildings and building improvements	40
Portable structures	20
Other buildings	20
First-time equipping of schools	10
Furniture	10
Equipment	5-15
Computer hardware	5
Computer software	5
Vehicles	5-10
Leasehold Improvements	Over the lease term

Assets under construction and assets that relate to pre-acquisition and pre-construction costs are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Land permanently removed from service and held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing. Buildings permanently removed from service and held for resale cease to be amortized and are recorded at the lower of carrying value and estimated net realizable value. Tangible capital assets which meet the criteria for financial assets are reclassified as "assets held for sale" on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

August 31, 2015

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

i) Government Transfers

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

Government transfers for capital that meet the definition of a liability are referred to as deferred capital contributions ("DCC"). Amounts are recognized into revenue as the liability is extinguished over the useful life of the asset.

k) Investment Income

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

When required by the funding government or related Act, investment income earned on externally restricted funds such as pupil accommodation, education development charges and special education forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

l) Long-term Debt and Capital Lease

Long-term debt and capital lease is recorded net of related sinking fund asset balances.

m) Budget Figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by the Trustees. The budget approved by the Trustees is developed in accordance with the provincially mandated funding model for school boards and is used to manage program spending within the guidelines of the funding model.

n) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1(a) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Accounts subject to significant estimates include retirement and other future employee benefits and the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

o) Property Tax Revenue

Under Public Sector Accounting Standards, the entity that determines and sets the tax levy records the revenue in the financial statements, which in the case of the Board, is the Province of Ontario. As a result, property tax revenue received from the municipalities is recorded as part of Provincial Legislative Grants.

2. Change in accounting policy

The Board has implemented Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") section 3260 Liability for contaminated sites. Section 3260 requires governments to record a liability in their financial statements if they have a contaminated site that meets the requirements set out in the standard. The standard defines contamination as the introduction into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The standard generally applies to sites that are not in productive use. Sites that are in productive use are only considered contaminated if there was an unexpected event that resulted in contamination. The change had no impact since there are no contaminated sites that meet the requirement set forth in the standard.

August 31, 2015

3. Accounts receivable - Government of Ontario

The Province of Ontario replaced variable capital funding with a one-time debt support grant in 2009-10. York Catholic District School Board received a one-time grant that recognizes capital debt as of August 31, 2010 that is supported by the existing capital programs. The Board receives this grant in cash over the remaining term of the existing capital debt instruments. The Board may also receive yearly capital grants to support capital programs which would be reflected in this account receivable.

The Board has an account receivable from the Province of Ontario as at August 31, 2015 of \$388,698,761 (2014 - \$409,028,754) with respect to the approved capital grant.

4. Assets held for sale

During the year ended August 31, 2015, land with a carrying value of \$Nil (2014 - \$1) was sold for net proceeds of \$Nil (2014 - \$2,769,218) resulting in a gain on disposal of \$Nil (2014 - \$2,769,217). The proceeds of disposition have been deferred in accordance with Ontario Regulation 193/10 (see Note (5)).

5. Deferred revenue

Revenues received and that have been set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement are included in deferred revenue and reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred revenue set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement as at August 31, 2015 is comprised of:

	Balance as at August 31, 2014		Externally restricted evenue and investment income	ransfers to Deferred Capital ntributions		Revenue recognized in the period		Balance as at August 31, 2015
Legislative Grants - operating	\$ 2,039,784	Ş	73,117,093	\$	S	72,388,136	S	2,768,741
Other Ministry of Education	3,704,306		532,661	-		3,952,381		284,586
Third Party	1,336,390		12			1,265,835		70,555
Other Provincial Grants	<u>377,352</u>		228,960			337,972		268,340
Deferred revenue – operating	<u>7,457,832</u>		73,878,714			77,944,324		3,392,222
Legislative Grants - capital	8,358,510		47,427,136	10,995,559		35,455,202		9,334,885
Proceeds of disposition	9,867,886			3,013,551		£		6,854,335
Education development charges	=		7,806,282	-		7,806,282		-
Third party			315,923	315,923				
Deferred revenue – capital	18,226,396		55,549,341	14,325,033		43,261,484		16,189,220
Total deferred revenue	\$ 25,684,228	\$	129,428,055	\$ 14,325,033	\$	121,205,808	\$	19,581,442

August 31, 2015

6. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions include grants and contributions received that are used for the acquisition of tangible capital assets in accordance with regulation 395/11 that have been expended by year end. The contributions are amortized into revenue over the life of the asset acquired.

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Opening balance Additions to deferred capital contributions Revenue recognized in the period	\$ 680,388,210 28,789,603 (29,362,497)	\$ 676,357,596 31,758,693 (27,728,079)
Closing balance	\$ 679,815,316	\$ 680,388,210

7. Retirement and other employee future benefits

Retirement and other employee future benefits liabilities and expense/(recovery) as of August 31, 2015 is comprised of:

	_		Aug	zust 31, 2015		
		Retirement Benefits	_	Other Employee Future Benefits		Total Employee Future Benefits
Accrued employee future benefit obligations	\$_	15,302,433	\$_	4,390,100	\$.	19,692,533
Current year benefit cost Amortization of actuarial (gains)/losses Interest on accrued benefit obligation Plan amendment/curtailment	\$	97,394 483,270 145,667	\$	(140,144) 2,890 129,688	\$	(140,144) 100,284 612,958 145,667
Employee future benefits expenses/ (recovery) 1	\$_	726,331	\$_	(7,566)	\$_	718,765

Retirement and other employee future benefits liabilities and expense / (recovery) as of August 31, 2014 is comprised of:

		Retirement Benefits	Au	oust 31, 2014 Other Employee Future Benefits		Total Employee Future Benefits
Accrued employee future benefit obligations	\$_	16,442,686	\$_	5,506,035	\$_	21,948,721
Current year benefit cost Amortization of actuarial (gains)/losses Interest on accrued benefit obligation Plan amendment/curtailment	\$	(20,448) - 551,321 111,767	\$	79,707 138,461 151,214	\$	59,259 138,461 702,535 111,767
Employee future benefits expenses/ (recovery) 1	\$_	642,640	\$_	369,382	\$_	1,012,022

¹ Excluding pension contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System, a multi-employer pension plan, described below.

August 31, 2015

7. Retirement and other employee future benefits (continued)

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The accrued benefit obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2015 are based on actuarial assumptions of future events determined for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2015. Actuarial probabilities were determined and based on updated average daily salary and banked sick days as at August 31, 2015. The economic assumptions used in these valuations are the Board's best estimates of expected rates as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Inflation	0/0	0/0
Workplace Safety and Insurance Boards Obligation ("WSIB")	2.0	2.0
General inflation for all benefits	1.5	2.0
Wage and salary escalation		
Sick leave benefits	nil	nil
Insurance and health care and dental benefit cost escalation		-
WSIB health care costs	4.0	4.0
Health care cost escalation	8.5	8.75
Dental benefit care escalation	4.5	4.75
Discount on accrued benefit obligation		
WSIB obligation	2.45	2.85
Sick leave benefits, life insurance, health care, dental and long-term disability	2.45	2.85

(b) Retirement Benefits

(i) Ontario Teachers' Pension Plan ("OTPP")

Teachers and related employee groups are eligible to be members of OTPP. Employer contributions for these employees are provided directly by the Province of Ontario. The pension costs and obligations related to this plan are a direct responsibility of the Province. Accordingly, no costs or liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

August 31, 2015

7. Retirement and other employee future benefits (continued)

(b) Retirement Benefits (continued)

(ii) Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS")

All non-teaching employees of the Board are eligible to be members of the OMERS, a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Board contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended August 31, 2015, the Board contributed \$8,602,655 (2014 - \$8,473,279) to the plan. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Board's pension benefit expenses. No pension liability for this type of plan is included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

(iii) Retirement Gratuities

The Board provides retirement gratuities to certain groups of employees hired prior to specific dates. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The amount of the gratuities payable to eligible employees at retirement is based on their salary, accumulated sick days, and years of service at August 31, 2012.

(iv) Retirement life insurance and health care and dental benefits

The Board provides life insurance, dental and health care benefits to certain employee groups after retirement until the members reach 65 years of age under the following conditions:

- For a small number of employees the premiums are based on the Board experience and retirees' premiums are subsidized by the Board as defined by individual service contracts. The benefit costs and liabilities related to the plan are provided through an unfunded defined benefit plan and are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. Effective September 1, 2013, employees retiring on or after this date will no longer qualify for the Board's subsidized premiums or contributions.
- For all other retirees (excluding a small number of employees who participated in the plan prior
 to September 1, 2013), full premiums are required to be paid by the retirees to participate in the
 Board's group benefit plan. The premiums for such benefits are included in a separate experience
 pool that is self-funded.

(c) Other Employee Future Benefits

- (i) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations
 - a. The Board is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act and, as such, assumes responsibility for the payment of all claims to its injured workers under the Act. The Board does not fund these obligations in advance of payments made under the Act. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. School boards are required to provide salary top-up to a maximum of 4 1/2 years for employees receiving payments from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board, where the collective agreement negotiated prior to 2012 included such a provision.

August 31, 2015

7. Retirement and other employee future benefits (continued)

(c) Other Employee Future Benefits (continued)

b. The Workplace Safety and Insurance Board obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2015 are based on actuarial valuations for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2015. These actuarial valuations were based on assumptions about future events.

(ii) Long-Term Disability Life Insurance

- a. The Board provides life waiver of life insurance premiums and continuation of medical and dental benefits coverage for certain employee groups on long-term disability leave. The Board is responsible for the payment of the insurance premiums and the costs of health care benefits under this plan. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.
- b. The accrued benefit obligations for long-term disability life insurance as at August 31, 2015 are based on actuarial valuations for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2015. The costs of salary compensation paid to employees on long-term disability are fully insured and not included in this plan.

(iii) Sick Leave Top-up Benefits

A maximum of eleven unused sick leave days from the current year may be carried forward into the following year only, to be used to top-up salary for illnesses paid through the short-term leave and disability plan in that year. The benefit costs expensed in the financial statements relating to this are \$350,442 (2014 – \$315,119).

For accounting purposes, the valuation of accrued benefit obligation for the sick leave top-up is based on actuarial assumptions about future events determined as at August 31, 2015 and is based on the average salary, banked sick days of employees and usage of sick days studies in 2013-14 and 2014-15.

August 31, 2015

8. Net long-term debt and capital lease

Debenture debt, capital loans and obligation under capital leases reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is comprised of the following:

Debenture/Loan	Interest	Maturity	2015	2014
#179	7.200	09-Jun-25	\$ 30,513,821	\$ 32,539,700
#182	6.550	19-Oct-26	21,741,501	22,976,968
#186	5.800	07-Nov-28	17,295,686	18,121,558
#188	4.789	08-Aug-30	39,019,047	40,763,739
#189	4.560	15-Nov-31	8,091,105	8,414,143
#190	5.376	25-Jun-32	50,072,719	51,839,689
#191	4.900	03-Mar-33	15,703,862	16,246,862
#192	5.347	15-Nov-33	5,479,048	5,649,219
#193	5.062	13-Mar-34	3,321,802	3,425,467
#196	5.047	15-Nov-34	33,268,143	34,252,599
#197	5.232	13-Apr-35	62,447,621	1,117,702
#198	3.942	19-Sep-25	1,087,231	67,251,009
#199	4.833	11-Mar-36	1,352,532	1,389,573
#200	2.425	15-Nov-21	5,839,777	6,659,738
#201	3,564	09-Mar-37	16,774,092	17,275,597
#202	3,799	19-Mar-38	10,963,373	11,260,657
#203	4.037	30-Oct-28	14,049,264	14,821,774
#204	4.003	11-Mar-39	11,328,933	11,609,290
#206	2.993	09-Mar-40	196,179	-1,000,200
			348,545,736	365,615,284
Capital lease	10.000	01-May-22	27,744,407	29,287,308
Balance as at August 31			\$ 376,290,143	\$ 394,902,592

Principal and interest payments relating to net debenture debt, capital loans and leases of \$376,290,143 outstanding as at August 31, 2015 are due as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>	Capital Interest <u>Payments</u>	Lease <u>Payments</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 18,124,904	\$ 17,010,770	\$ 4,822,762	\$ 39,958,437
2017	19,023,848	16,111,826	5,121,096	40,256,770
2018	19,970,348	15,165,327	5,437,877	40,573,551
2019	20,967,071	14,168,603	5,774,251	40,909,926
2020	22,016,846	13,118,829	6,131,438	41,267,112
Thereafter	248,442,719	<u>73,691,012</u>	<u> 18,846,175</u>	340,979,907
Total	\$ 348,545,735	\$ <u>149,266,367</u>	\$_46,133,600	\$ 543,945,703

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$20,858,648 (2014 - \$21,600,824).

August 31, 2015

9. Temporary borrowing

The Board has lines of credit available to the maximum of \$75 million revolving facility to address operating requirements to bridge capital expenditures.

Interest on the operating facilities range from the bank's prime lending rate minus 0.75%, while banker's acceptance facilities range from the banker's acceptance rate plus 0.75%. All loans are unsecured, due on demand and are in the form of bankers' acceptance notes and bank overdrafts. As at August 31, 2015, the Board had a prime based loan of \$Nil (2014 - \$Nil).

10. Debt charges and capital loans and leases interest		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Principal payments on long-term liabilities including contributions to sinking fund Sinking fund debenture maturities Interest payments on long-term liabilities Capital lease interest	\$	18,808,628 - 17,859,735 2,998,913	\$	17,135,943 18,952,130 18,493,402 3,107,422
Balance as at August 31	\$_	39,667,276	\$_	57,688,897

Included in debt repayment and sinking fund contributions on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows of \$18,808,628 (2014 - \$31,408,951) are principal payments on long-term debt of \$18,808,628 (2014 - \$17,135,943), sinking fund debenture maturities of \$Nil (2014 - \$18,952,130), sinking fund interest revenues of \$Nil (2014 - \$13,262), net of sinking fund retirements of \$Nil (2014 - \$4,692,384).

11. Expenses by object

The following is a summary of the expenses reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations by object:

	<u>2015</u> Budget	<u>2015</u> Actual	2014 Actual
Salary and wages	\$ 440,013,138	\$ 443,622,066	\$ 434,197,200
Employee benefits Staff development	66,986,365 1,204,138	65,479,292 2,047,772	64,865,321 1,873,667
Supplies and services Interest charges on capital	62,157,151	57,667,032	55,176,129
Rental expenses	20,794,000 655,684	20,865,818 549,445	21,702,914 479,392
Fees and contract services	26,962,261	31,383,126	29,838,982
Amortization and write-downs of tangible capital assets Other	29,228,633 1,276,396	30,045,977 552,621	28,411,559 817,471
Future employee benefit plan curtailment/ amendment (Note 7)	-	145,667	111,767
Write-off of unamortized actuarial losses due to plan amendment (Note 7)		 :	138,461
Total expenses	\$ 649,277,766	\$ 652,358,816	\$_637,612,863

August 31, 2015

12. Tangible capital assets				
Cost	Balance at August 31,	Additions and <u>Transfers</u>	Disposals, write-offs, <u>Adjustments</u>	Balance August 31, 2015
Land Land improvements Buildings Furniture and equipment Construction in progress Capital lease assets	\$ 205,312,474 8,858,407 914,956,999 24,535,715 14,597,297 21,069,493	\$ 8,369 2,755,300 34,812,136 3,717,685 (12,495,518)	3,615,565	\$ 205,320,843 11,613,707 949,769,135 24,637,835 2,101,779 21,069,493
Total cost	\$ <u>1,18</u> 9,330,385	\$ 28,797,972	\$ 3,615,565	\$1,214,512,792
Accumulated Amortization	Balance at August 31, 2014	Additions and <u>Transfers</u>	Disposals, write-offs, <u>Adjustments</u>	Balance August 31, 2015
Land Land improvements Buildings Furniture and equipment Construction in progress Capital lease assets	\$ 3,371,613 260,888,196 12,188,314	\$ 820,763 25,681,857 3,016,620 526,737	3,615,565	\$ 4,192,376 286,570,053 11,589,369
Total amortization	\$ 287,772,974	\$ 30,045,977	\$ 3,615,565	\$ 314,203,386
Net book value			2015	<u>2014</u>
Land Land improvements Buildings Furniture and equipment Construction in progress Capital lease assets			\$ 205,320,843 7,421,331 663,199,082 13,048,466 2,101,779 9,217,905	\$ 205,312,474 5,486,794 654,068,803 12,347,401 14,597,297 9,744,642
Total net book value			\$ 900,309,406	\$ 901,557,411

a) Assets under construction

Assets under construction having a value of \$2,101,779 (2014 - \$14,597,297) have not been amortized. Amortization of these assets will commence when the asset is put into service.

b) Write-down of Tangible Capital Assets

For 2015 the write-down of tangible capital assets during the year was \$Nil (2014 - \$Nil).

August 31, 2015

13. Accumulated surplus	2015	<u>2014</u>
Accumulated surplus consists of the following: Invested in non-depreciable tangible capital assets Employee future benefits to be covered in the future Interest accrual School Generated Funds Committed sinking fund interest earned Unrestricted	\$ 203,282,033 (18,670,156) (4,282,858) 7,467,401 15,173,249 9,323,747	\$ 195,770,994 (20,324,188) (4,494,746) 7,017,790 15,856,729 10,815,903
Total accumulated surplus	\$ 212,293,416	\$ 204,642,482

14. Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE)

The School Board is a member of the Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE), a reciprocal insurance company licensed under the Insurance Act.

OSBIE insures general public liability, property damage and certain other risks. Liability insurance is available to a maximum of \$24,000,000 per occurrence.

The ultimate premiums over a five year period are based on the reciprocals and the Board's actual claims experience. Periodically, the Board may receive a refund or be asked to pay an additional premium based on its pro rata share of claims experience. The current five year term expires January 1, 2016.

15. Contractual obligations and contingent liabilities

Contractual obligations

The Board enters into contracts for construction and renovation of various new and existing schools. The following summarizes the Board's commitment under these contracts as at August 31, 2015.

Contract <u>value</u>	Capitalized amount to date			Amount remaining
\$ 29,392,477	\$_	21,050,676	\$_	8,341,801

Contingent liabilities

The Board is contingently liable with respect to litigation and claims, which arise from time to time in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the liability that may arise from such contingencies would not have a significant adverse effect on the financial statements of the Board.

August 31, 2015

16. Transportation consortium

In September 2010 the Board renewed its agreement with York Region District School Board in order to provide common administration of student transportation in the Region. This agreement was executed in an effort to increase delivery efficiency and cost effectiveness of student transportation for each of the Boards. Under the agreement, decisions related to the financial and operating activities of Student Transportation Services of York Region Consortium are shared. No partner is in a position to exercise unilateral control.

This entity is proportionately consolidated in the Board's consolidated financial statements whereby the Board's pro-rata share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the consortium are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. Inter-organizational transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The following provides condensed financial information.

	2015 <u>Total</u>		2015 Board <u>portion</u>		2014 <u>Total</u>		2014 Board portion
Expenses	\$ 1,644,505	\$	821,761	\$_	1,613,152	\$_	805,008

17. Repayment of "55 school board trust" funding

On June 1, 2003, the Board received \$3,007,847 from The 55 School Board Trust for its capital related debt eligible for provincial funding support pursuant to a 30-year agreement it entered into with the trust. The 55 School Board Trust was created to refinance the outstanding not permanently financed (NPF) debt of participating boards who are beneficiaries of the trust. Under the terms of the agreement, The 55 School Board Trust repaid the Board's debt in consideration for the assignment by the Board to the trust of future provincial grants payable to the Board in respect of the NPF debt. As a result of the above agreement, the liability in respect of the NPF debt is no longer reflected in the Board's financial position.

Related to this capital debt, the Board has recorded revenues from the Province of Ontario and the corresponding interest expense of \$224,087(2014 - \$224,087).

August 31, 2015

18. Subsequent event

Subsequent to August 31, 2015, Ontario English Catholic Teachers' Association ratified agreements at the central level which include a voluntary retirement gratuity early payout provision. This provision may have a future impact on the Board's employee future benefit liability. There is no impact to the 2014-15 fiscal year. To be effective, the collective agreements must be ratified at both the central and local level. At the reporting date of these financial statements, local ratification has not occurred.

The voluntary retirement gratuity early payout provision provides Ontario English Catholic Teachers' Association members the option of receiving a discounted frozen retirement gratuity benefit payment on August 31, 2016. The voluntary retirement gratuity early payout provision may result in payouts occurring earlier than anticipated and generally at a discount to August 31, 2015 financial statement carrying values. As a result, the reduction in the liability for those members who take the voluntary retirement gratuity early payout option will be accompanied by actuarial gains or losses in the Board's 2015-16 year financial statements. At this time, the change in the liability cannot be estimated since members of Ontario English Catholic Teachers' Association have until May 31, 2016 to declare their participation in the voluntary retirement gratuity early payout option.