



**York Catholic District School Board
Consolidated Financial Statements
Year ended August 31, 2025**



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Management Report

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

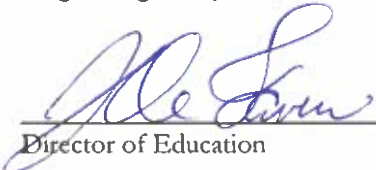
The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the York Catholic District School Board are the responsibility of the Board management and have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act, supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act, as described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Board management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management. The Audit Committee of the Board meets with the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to the Board's approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Doane Grant Thornton LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Board. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Board's consolidated financial statements.

Original Signed by



Director of Education

Original Signed by



Chief Financial Officer

November 11, 2025

Independent auditor's report

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To the Board of Trustees of the York Catholic District School Board

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of York Catholic District School Board ("the Board"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2025, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net debt and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and the significant differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Doane Grant Thornton LLP

Toronto, Canada
November 11, 2025

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants



York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

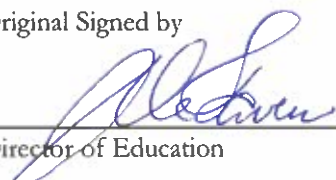
As at August 31

	2025	2024
	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	46,589	70,468
Other investments (Note 2)	38,021	10,380
Accounts receivable	4,273	32,944
Accounts receivable – Government of Ontario (Note 3)	146,207	214,106
Accounts receivable – Municipalities	22,782	22,825
Financial Assets - other	<u>830</u>	<u>817</u>
Total financial assets	<u>258,702</u>	<u>351,540</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	41,382	85,978
Accounts payable – Government of Ontario	1,227	---
Liabilities - other	5,637	5,609
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	64,472	96,721
Deferred capital contributions (Note 5)	645,946	657,348
Asset retirement obligations (Note 6)	7,651	7,453
Retirement and other employee future benefits (Note 8)	16,192	17,714
Net debenture debt and capital loans (Note 9)	<u>129,479</u>	<u>156,865</u>
Total liabilities	<u>911,986</u>	<u>1,027,688</u>
Net financial assets (net debt)	(653,284)	(676,148)
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 14)	<u>931,486</u>	<u>925,909</u>
Accumulated surplus (Note 15)	<u>278,202</u>	<u>249,761</u>

Contractual obligations and contingent liabilities (Note 17)

Signed on behalf of the Board:

Original Signed by



Director of Education

Original Signed by



Chair of the School Board



York Catholic District School Board Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended August 31

2025

2025

2024

	Budget (\$000's)	Actual (\$000's)	Actual (\$000's)
Revenues			
Core Education Funding (Note 12)			
<i>Provincial Legislative Grants</i>	415,540	464,422	449,329
<i>Education Property Tax</i>	189,639	193,413	191,144
Provincial grants – other (Note 21)	29,837	17,455	74,027
School generated funds revenues	22,500	26,449	25,326
Investment income	1,500	1,793	3,274
Other fees and revenues from school boards	178	203	438
Fees and revenues from other sources	44,935	52,860	15,910
Amortization of deferred capital contribution (Note 5)			
<i>Related to Provincial Legislative Grants</i>	37,945	37,812	36,642
<i>Related to Third Parties</i>	640	663	631
Total revenues	<u>742,714</u>	<u>795,070</u>	<u>796,721</u>
Expenses (Note 13)			
Instruction	540,340	584,903	594,006
Administration	21,292	21,811	22,845
Transportation	23,125	21,249	21,608
Pupil accommodation	109,821	112,607	111,797
School generated funds expenses	22,500	25,739	24,406
Other (Note 21)	12,057	320	37,169
Total expenses	<u>729,135</u>	<u>766,629</u>	<u>811,831</u>
Annual surplus (deficit)	13,579	28,441	(15,110)
Accumulated surplus at beginning of year	<u>270,046</u>	<u>249,761</u>	<u>264,871</u>
Accumulated surplus at end of year	<u>283,625</u>	<u>278,202</u>	<u>249,761</u>



York Catholic District School Board
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended August 31

	2025	2024
	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
Operating transactions		
Annual surplus (deficit)	28,441	(15,110)
Sources and (uses)		
Non-cash items including:		
Amortization, write downs, and gain on disposal	38,576	37,371
Amortization of TCA – asset retirement obligations	205	191
Increase of asset retirement obligation liabilities excluding settlements	198	45
(Increase) of tangible capital assets – asset retirement obligation asset excluding amortization on asset retirement obligations	(198)	(45)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 5)	(38,475)	(37,273)
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	28,714	(17,336)
Decrease in accounts receivable – Delayed grant payment	44,443	1,376
Decrease (increase) in financial assets – other	(13)	207
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(44,596)	19,909
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable – Government of Ontario	1,227	-
(Decrease) in deferred revenue – operating	(717)	(396)
(Decrease) increase in retirement and other employee future benefits	(1,522)	1,149
Settlement of asset retirement liability through abatement	-	(31)
Increase in other liabilities	28	958
Cash applied to operating transactions	<u>56,311</u>	<u>(8,985)</u>
Capital transactions		
Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets	<u>(44,160)</u>	<u>(36,014)</u>
Cash applied to capital transactions	<u>(44,160)</u>	<u>(36,014)</u>
Investing transactions		
Increase in portfolio investments measured at amortized cost	<u>(27,641)</u>	<u>(10,380)</u>
Cash applied to investing transactions	<u>(27,641)</u>	<u>(10,380)</u>
Financing		
Decrease in accounts receivable – Government of Ontario	23,456	33,086
Additions to deferred capital contributions (Note 5)	27,073	29,437
(Increase) in deferred revenue – Capital	(31,532)	(2,074)
Repayment of net debenture debt and capital loans	<u>(27,386)</u>	<u>(26,040)</u>
Cash provided by financing transactions	<u>(8,389)</u>	<u>34,409</u>
Change in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(23,879)</u>	<u>(20,970)</u>
Opening cash and cash equivalents	<u>70,468</u>	<u>91,438</u>
Closing cash and cash equivalents	<u>46,589</u>	<u>70,468</u>



York Catholic District School Board
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt

For the Year Ended August 31

	2025	2024
	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
Annual surplus (deficit)	<u>28,441</u>	<u>(15,110)</u>
Non-financial asset activity		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(44,160)	(36,014)
Amortization and write downs of tangible capital assets	38,781	37,562
Changes in estimate of tangible capital assets-asset retirement obligations	(198)	(99)
Disposals of tangible capital assets-asset retirement obligations	<u>-</u>	<u>54</u>
Total non-financial asset activity	<u>(5,577)</u>	<u>1,503</u>
Decrease (increase) in net debt	<u>22,864</u>	<u>(13,607)</u>
Net debt at beginning of year	<u>(676,148)</u>	<u>(662,541)</u>
Net debt at end of year	<u>(653,284)</u>	<u>(676,148)</u>

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

With Jesus Christ as our model, the mission of the York Catholic District School Board ("the Board") is to provide all students with a Catholic education rooted in equity, well-being and learning.

1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with the basis of accounting described below.

a) Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Administration Act supplemented by Ontario Ministry of Education memorandum 2004:B2 and Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act.

The Financial Administration Act requires that the consolidated financial statements be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles determined by the relevant Ministry of the Province of Ontario. A directive was provided by the Ontario Ministry of Education within memorandum 2004:B2 requiring school boards to adopt Canadian public sector accounting standards commencing with their year ended August 31, 2004 and that changes may be required to the application of these standards as a result of regulation.

In 2011, the government passed Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. The Regulation requires that contributions received or receivable for the acquisition or development of depreciable tangible capital assets and contributions of depreciable tangible capital assets for use in providing services, be recorded as deferred capital contributions and be recognized as revenue in the statement of operations over the periods during which the asset is used to provide service at the same rate that amortization is recognized in respect of the related asset. The regulation further requires that if the net book value of the depreciable tangible capital asset is reduced for any reason other than depreciation, a proportionate reduction of the deferred capital contribution along with a proportionate increase in the revenue be recognized. For Ontario school boards, these contributions include government transfers, externally restricted contributions and, historically, property tax revenue.

The accounting policy requirements under Ontario Regulation 395/11 are significantly different from the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards which require that

- government transfers, which do not contain a stipulation that creates a liability, be recognized as revenue by the recipient when approved by the transferor and the eligibility criteria have been met in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3410;
- externally restricted contributions be recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose or purposes specified in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3100; and
- property taxation revenue be reported as revenue when received or receivable in accordance with public sector accounting standard PS3510.

As a result, revenue recognized in the statement of operations and certain related deferred revenues and deferred capital contributions may be recorded differently under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

b) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Board and which are controlled by the Board.

School generated funds, which include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of various organizations that exist at the school level and which are controlled by the Board are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

The Board's consolidated financial statements reflect the proportionate consolidation of the Student Transportation Services - York Region Consortium whereby they include the assets that the Consortium controls, the liabilities that it has incurred, and its pro-rata share of revenues and expenses.

Interdepartmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated.

c) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Board are not included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the Board.

d) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified into three categories: fair value, amortized cost or cost. The following chart shows the measurement method for each type of financial instrument.

Financial Instrument	Measurement Method
Cash and cash equivalents	Cost
Guaranteed investment certificate	Amortized Cost*
Accounts receivable	Amortized Cost*
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized Cost*
Accrued vacation pay	Amortized Cost*
Debenture debt and capital loans	Amortized Cost*

*Amortized cost is measured using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability (or a group of financial assets or financial liabilities) and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period, based on the effective interest rate. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of investments are added to the amortized cost. It is applied to financial assets or financial liabilities that are not in the fair value category and is now the method that must be used to calculate amortized cost.

Cost category: Amounts are measured at cost less any amount for valuation allowance. Valuation allowances are made when collection is in doubt.

Fair value category: The Board manages and reports performance for groups of financial assets on a fair-value basis. Investments traded in an active market are reflected at fair value as at the reporting date. Sales and purchases of investments are recorded on the trade date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of investments are recorded as an expense. Unrealized gains and losses on financial assets are recognized in the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses until such time that the financial asset is derecognized due to disposal or impairment. At the time of derecognition, the related realized gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and related balances reversed from the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments. Short-term investments are highly liquid, subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and have a short maturity term of 90 days or less.

f) Investments

The Board has Other Investments in guaranteed investment certificates, which are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

g) Deferred Revenue

Certain amounts are received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the delivery of specific services, performance obligations and transactions. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services are performed.

h) Deferred Capital Contributions

Contributions received or receivable for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset for use in providing services, or any contributions in the form of depreciable tangible assets received or receivable for use in providing services, shall be recognized as deferred capital contribution as defined in Ontario Regulation 395/11 of the Financial Administration Act. These amounts are recognized as revenue at the same rate as the related tangible capital asset is amortized. The following items fall under this category:

- Government transfers received or receivable for capital purposes
- Other restricted contributions received or receivable for capital purposes
- Property taxation revenues which were historically used to fund capital assets

i) Retirement and Other Employee Future Benefits

The Board provides defined retirement and other future benefits to specified employee groups. These benefits include pension, life insurance, health care benefits, dental benefits, retirement gratuity, worker's compensation and long-term disability benefits.

As part of ratified labour collective agreements for unionized employees that bargain centrally and ratified central discussions with the principals and vice-principals associations, the following Employee Life and Health Trusts (ELHTs) were established in 2016-17: Ontario English Catholic Teachers' Association (OECTA), Canadian Union of Public Employees (CUPE), Ontario Secondary School Teachers' Federation (OSSTF) and trust for non-unionized employees including principals and vice-principals. The ELHTs provide health, life and dental benefits to teachers (excluding occasional teachers), education workers (excluding casual and temporary staff), other school board staff and retired individuals up to a school board's participation date into the ELHT. These benefits are being provided through a joint governance structure between the bargaining/employee groups, school board trustees associations and the Government of Ontario. The Board is no longer responsible to provide certain benefits to OECTA effective February 1, 2017, OSSTF effective February 1, 2018, CUPE effective March 1, 2018, principals and vice principals effective April 1, 2018 and non-union employees effective June 1, 2018.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Upon transition of the employee groups' health, dental and life benefits plans to the ELHT, school boards are required to remit a negotiated amount per full-time equivalency(FTE) on a monthly basis. Funding for the ELHTs is based on the existing benefits funding embedded within the Core Education Funding, including additional ministry funding in the form of a Crown contribution and Stabilization Adjustment.

Depending on prior arrangements and employee group, the Board provides health, dental and life insurance benefits for some retirees who are retired under these plans.

The Board has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

- The costs of self-insured retirement and other employee future benefit plans are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at retirement, insurance and health care cost trends, disability recovery rates, long-term inflation rates and discount rates.
- The cost of retirement gratuities is actuarially determined using the employee's salary, banked sick days and years of service as at August 31, 2012 and management's best estimate of discount rates. Any actuarial gains and losses arising from changes to the discount rate are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.
- For self-insured retirement and other employee future benefits that vest or accumulated over the periods of service provided by employees, such as life insurance and health care benefits for retirees, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service. Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the employee group.
- For those self-insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for worker's compensation, long-term disability and life insurance and health care benefits for those on disability leave, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise.
- The costs of multi-employer defined pension plan benefits, such as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System pensions, are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period. The costs of insured benefits are the employer's portion of insurance premiums owed for coverage of employees during the period.

j) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical cost includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset, as well as interest related to financing during construction and legally or contractually required retirement activities. When historical cost records were not available, other methods were used to estimate the costs and accumulated amortization.

Leases which transfer substantially all the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as leased tangible capital assets. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Tangible capital assets, except land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life in Years</u>
Land improvements with finite lives	15
Buildings and building improvements	40
Portable structures	20
Other buildings	20
First-time equipping of schools	10
Furniture	10
Equipment	5-15
Computer hardware	3
Computer software	5
Vehicles	5-10
Leasehold Improvements	Over the lease term

Assets under construction and assets that relate to pre-acquisition and pre-construction costs are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Land permanently removed from service and held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Cost includes amounts for improvements to prepare the land for sale or servicing. Buildings permanently removed from service and held for resale cease to be amortized and are recorded at the lower of carrying value and estimated net realizable value. Tangible capital assets which meet the criteria for financial assets are reclassified as "assets held for sale" on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these consolidated financial statements.

k) Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations (ARO) are provisions for legal obligations for the retirement of tangible capital assets that are either in productive use or no longer in productive use.

An ARO liability is recognized when, as at the financial reporting date:

- there is a statutory, contractual or legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up;
- a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

A corresponding amount is added to the carrying value of the related tangible capital asset and is then amortized over its remaining useful life.

The estimated amounts of future costs to retire the asset is reviewed annually and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the liability. Adjustments may result from changes in the assumption used to estimate the amount required to settle the obligation. These amounts are recognized as an increase or decrease in the carrying amount of the asset retirement obligation liability, with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the related asset. If the related asset is no longer in productive use, all subsequent changes in the estimate of the liability for the ARO are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

l) Government Transfers

Government transfers, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made. If government transfers contain stipulations, which give rise to a liability, they are deferred and recognized in revenue when the stipulations are met.

Government transfers for capital are deferred as required by Ontario Regulation 395/11, and recorded as deferred capital contributions (DCC) and recognized as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations at the same rate and over the same periods as the asset is amortized.

m) Other Revenues

Other revenues from transactions with performance obligations, for example, fees or royalties from the sale of goods or rendering of services, are recognized as the board satisfies a performance obligation by providing the promised goods or services to the payor. Other revenue from transactions with no performance obligations, for example, fines and penalties, are recognized when the board has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources and when a past transaction or event is an asset. Amounts received prior to the end of the year that will be recognized in subsequent fiscal year are deferred and reported as a liability.

n) Investment Income

Investment income is reported as revenue in the period earned.

When required by the funding government or related Act, investment income earned on externally restricted funds such as pupil accommodation, education development charges and special education forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

o) Net debenture debt and capital loans

Net debenture debt is recorded net of related sinking fund asset balances.

p) Budget Figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by the Trustees. The budget approved by the Trustees is developed in accordance with the provincially mandated funding model for school boards and is used to manage program spending within the guidelines of the funding model. The budget figures presented have been adjusted to reflect the same accounting policies that were used to prepare the consolidated financial statements.

q) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1(a) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Accounts subject to significant estimates include asset retirement obligation liabilities, retirement and other future employee benefits and the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

r) Education Property Tax Revenue

Under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, the entity that determines and sets the tax levy records the revenue in the financial statements, which in the case of the Board, is the Province of Ontario. As a result, education property tax revenue received from the municipalities is recorded as part of Core Education Funding, under Education Property Tax.

s) Non Monetary Transactions

Non-monetary transactions include the exchange of non-monetary assets, liabilities or services for other non-monetary assets, liabilities or services with little or no monetary consideration involved. It also includes transactions where non-monetary assets, liabilities or services are transferred without any consideration given in return. Non-monetary transactions that lack commercial substance are measured at their carrying value.

2. Other investments

Other investments are comprised of redeemable Guaranteed Investment Certificates (GICs) recorded at amortized cost. The investments are carried on the Statement of Financial Position.

	2025				2024			
	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Amount (\$)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Amount (\$)
Redeemable GICs -	Apr. 11, 2025	Oct. 8, 2025	3.55%	10,000				
Principal	Apr. 11, 2025	Apr. 11, 2026	3.55%	10,000				
	Apr. 11, 2025	Oct. 8, 2026	3.55%	10,000				
	Apr. 11, 2025	Oct. 8, 2025	3.65%	2,500				
	Apr. 11, 2025	Jan. 6, 2025	3.65%	2,500				
	Apr. 11, 2025	Apr. 13, 2025	3.65%	2,500				
Redeemable GIC -					Dec.19, 2023	Sep. 16, 2024	5.4%	10,000
Principal								
Interest				521				380
Total				38,021				10,380

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

3. Accounts receivable - Government of Ontario

The Province of Ontario (Province) replaced variable capital funding with a one-time debt support grant in 2009-10. The Board received a one-time grant that recognizes capital debt as of August 31, 2010 that is supported by the existing capital programs. The Board receives this grant in cash over the remaining term of the existing capital debt instruments. The Board may also receive yearly capital grants to support capital programs which would be reflected in this account receivable.

The Ministry of Education introduced a cash management strategy effective September 1, 2018. As part of the strategy, the ministry delays part of the grant payment to school boards where the adjusted accumulated surplus and deferred revenue balances are in excess of certain criteria set out by the Ministry.

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	\$	\$
Account receivable – capital grant	146,207	169,663
Account receivable – delayed grant payments	<u>-</u>	<u>44,443</u>
Closing balance	<u>146,207</u>	<u>214,106</u>

4. Deferred revenue

Revenues received and that have been set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement are included in deferred revenue and reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Deferred revenue set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement as at August 31, 2025 is comprised of:

	Balance as at August 31, <u>2024</u>	Externally restricted revenue and investment <u>income</u>	Transfers (to)/from Deferred Capital <u>Contributions</u>	Revenue Recognized and adjustments <u>in the period</u>	Balance as at August 31, <u>2025</u>
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Legislative Grants - operating	8,315	84,547	-	85,325	7,537
Other Ministry of Education	178	10,464	-	10,502	140
Third Party	347	2,011	-	1,912	446
Other Provincial Grants	-	335	-	335	-
Deferred revenue – operating	<u>8,840</u>	<u>97,357</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>98,074</u>	<u>8,123</u>
Legislative Grants – capital	2,951	30,489	(7,623)	24,233	1,584
Proceeds of disposition	44,363	-	-	17,924	26,439
Education development charges	40,567	7,021	-	19,262	28,326
Third Party	-	582	(582)	-	-
Deferred revenue – capital	<u>87,881</u>	<u>38,092</u>	<u>(8,205)</u>	<u>61,419</u>	<u>56,349</u>
Total deferred revenue	<u>96,721</u>	<u>135,449</u>	<u>(8,205)</u>	<u>159,493</u>	<u>64,472</u>

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

5. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions include grants and contributions received that are used for the acquisition of tangible capital assets in accordance with Ontario regulation 395/11 that have been expended by year end. The contributions are amortized into revenue over the life of the asset acquired.

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	\$	\$
Opening balance	657,348	665,184
Additions to deferred capital contributions	27,073	29,437
Revenue recognized in the period	<u>(38,475)</u>	<u>(37,273)</u>
Closing balance	<u>645,946</u>	<u>657,348</u>

6. Asset retirement obligations

The Board discounts significant obligations where there is a high degree of confidence on the amount and timing of cash flows and the obligation will not be settled for at least five years from the reporting date. The discount and inflation rate is reflective of the risks specific to the asset retirement liability.

As at August 31, 2025, all liabilities for asset retirement obligations are reported at current costs in nominal dollars without discounting.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending aggregate carrying amount of the ARO liability is below:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
As at August 31		
Liabilities for asset retirement obligations at beginning of year	7,453	7,439
Liabilities incurred/disposed during the year	-	(54)
Increase in liabilities reflecting changes in the estimate of liabilities ¹	198	99
Liabilities settled during the year	-	(31)
Liabilities for asset retirement obligations at end of year	7,651	7,453

¹ Reflecting changes in the estimated cash flows

The Board made an inflation adjustment increase in estimates of 2.61% as at March 31, 2025 (3.66% as at March 31, 2024) in line with the Provincial government fiscal year end, to reflect costs as at that date. This rate represents the percentage increase in the Canadian Building Construction Price Index ("BCPI") survey during the 2024 calendar year, as well as an adjustment to true up the estimated rate that was used at March 31, 2024. This rate is being used to update cost assumptions made in the ARO costing models in order to be reflective of March 31, 2025 costs. Since the March 31 rate each year is determined based on the BCPI for the prior year ending December 31, the rate is updated the following March 31 to true up the prior year estimated rate (based on the 2024 calendar year) to the actual rate for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2025.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

7. Financial instruments

Risks arising from financial instruments and risk management

The Board is exposed to a variety of financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Board's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Board's financial performance.

Credit risk

The Board's principal financial assets are cash, accounts receivable and investments, which are subject to credit risk. The carrying amounts of financial assets on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position represent the Board's maximum credit exposure as at the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position date.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Board will not be able to meet all cash flow obligations as they come due. The Board mitigates the risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and maintaining sufficient cash on hand if unexpected cash outflows arise.

Market risk

The Board is exposed to interest rate risk and price risk with regard to its portfolio and other investments and interest rate risk on its long-term debts, all of which are regularly monitored.

The Board's financial instruments consist of cash, other investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. It is the Board's opinion that the Board is not exposed to significant interest rate or currency risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

8. Retirement and other employee future benefits

Retirement and other employee future benefits liabilities and expense as of August 31, 2025 is comprised of:

	<u>August 31, 2025</u>		
	<u>Retirement Benefits</u>	<u>Other Employee Future Benefits</u>	<u>Total Employee Future Benefits</u>
Accrued employee future benefit obligations	\$ <u>6,555</u>	\$ <u>9,637</u>	\$ <u>16,192</u>
Current year benefit cost	\$ -	\$ 1,001	\$ 1,001
Change due to data correction	-	-	-
Amortization of actuarial gains/(losses)	27	(90)	(63)
Interest on accrued benefit obligation	<u>234</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>584</u>
Employee future benefits expenses	\$ <u>261</u>	\$ <u>1,261</u>	\$ <u>1,522</u>

Retirement and other employee future benefits liabilities and expense as of August 31, 2024 is comprised of:

	<u>August 31, 2024</u>		
	<u>Retirement Benefits</u>	<u>Other Employee Future Benefits</u>	<u>Total Employee Future Benefits</u>
Accrued employee future benefit obligations	\$ <u>6,963</u>	\$ <u>10,751</u>	\$ <u>17,714</u>
Current year benefit cost	\$ -	\$ 4,214	\$ 4,214
Change due to data correction	-	-	-
Amortization of actuarial gains/(losses)	8	(278)	(270)
Interest on accrued benefit obligation	<u>285</u>	<u>320</u>	<u>605</u>
Employee future benefits expenses	\$ <u>293</u>	\$ <u>4,256</u>	\$ <u>4,549</u>

¹ Excluding pension contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System, a multi-employer pension plan, described below.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

8. Retirement and other employee future benefits (continued)

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The accrued benefit obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2025 are based on actuarial assumptions of future events determined for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2025. Actuarial probabilities were determined and based on updated average daily salary and banked sick days as at August 31, 2025. The economic assumptions used in these valuations are the Board's best estimates of expected rates as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	%	%
Inflation		
Workplace Safety and Insurance Boards Obligation ("WSIB")	2.0	2.0
General inflation for all benefits	2.0	2.0
Wage and salary escalation		
Sick leave benefits	2.0	2.0
Insurance and health care cost escalation		
WSIB health care costs	4.0	4.0
Health care cost escalation	5.0	5.0
Dental benefit care escalation	5.0	5.0
Discount on accrued benefit obligation		
WSIB obligation	3.8	3.8
Sick leave benefits, life insurance, health care and long-term disability	3.8	3.8

(b) Retirement Benefits

(i) Ontario Teacher's Pension Plan (OTPP)

Teachers and related employee groups are eligible to be members of OTPP. Employer contributions for these employees are provided directly by the Province of Ontario. The pension costs and obligations related to this plan are a direct responsibility of the Province. Accordingly, no costs or liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS")

All non-teaching employees of the Board are eligible to be members of the OMERS, a multi-employer pension plan. The plan provides defined pension benefits to employees based on their length of service and rates of pay. The Board contributions equal the employee contributions to the plan. During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Board contributed \$10,776 (2024 - \$12,029) to the plan. As this is a multi-employer pension plan, these contributions are the Board's pension benefit expenses. No pension liability for this type of plan is included in the Board's consolidated financial statements.

(iii) Retirement Gratuities

The Board provides retirement gratuities to certain groups of employees hired prior to specified dates. The Board provides these benefits through an unfunded defined benefit plan. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The amount of the gratuities payable to eligible employees at retirement is based on their salary, accumulated sick days, and years of service at August 31, 2012.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

8. Retirement and other employee future benefits (continued)

(b) Retirement Benefits (continued)

(iv) Retirement life insurance and health care benefits

The Board provides life insurance, health care and dental benefits to certain employee groups after retirement until the members reach 65 years of age depending on prior arrangements. The premiums are based, on the Board experience for those who have not transitioned to the ELHT, and retiree or active rates for those who have transitioned to the ELHT. Depending on the year of retirement, retiree premiums may be subsidized by the Board as defined by individual service contracts. The benefit costs and liabilities related to the subsidization are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. In accordance with the Broader Public Sector Executive Compensation Act, 2014, employees with these benefits are no longer eligible for post-retirement benefits under the board's compensation plan except for the transition period (i.e., by the third anniversary of the effective date of the new executive compensation plan). Employees must have retired before August 31, 2019 to be eligible for post-retirement benefits and August 31, 2025 for Designated Executives.

(c) Other Employee Future Benefits

(i) Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations

- a. The Board is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act ("WSIB") and, as such, assumes responsibility for the payment of all claims to its injured workers under the Act. The Board does not fund these obligations in advance of payments made under the Act. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. School boards are required to provide salary top-up to a maximum of 4 ½ years for employees receiving payments from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board, where the collective agreement negotiated prior to 2012 included such a provision.
- b. The Workplace Safety and Insurance Board obligations for employee future benefit plans as at August 31, 2025 are based on actuarial valuations for accounting purposes as at August 31, 2025. These actuarial valuations were based on assumptions about future events.

(ii) Long-Term Disability

- a. The Board provides long-term disability benefits to certain employee groups. The costs of salary compensation paid to employees on long-term disability are fully insured and not included in this plan.

(iii) Sick Leave Top-up Benefits

A maximum of eleven unused sick leave days from the current year may be carried forward into the following year only, to be used to top-up salary for illnesses paid through the short-term leave and disability plan in that year. The benefit costs expensed in the financial statements relating to this are \$399 (2024 - \$319).

For accounting purposes, the valuation of the accrued benefit obligation for the sick leave top-up is based on actuarial assumptions about future events determined as at August 31, 2025 and is based on the average daily salary, and banked sick days of employees as at August 31, 2025.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

9. Net Debenture Debt and Capital Loans

Debenture debt and capital loans reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is comprised of the following:

(BNY – BNY Trust Company of Canada, OFA – Ontario Financing Authority)

Debenture/Loan	Interest	Maturity	2025 \$	2024 \$
BNY - #179	7.200	09-Jun-25	-	4,110
BNY - #182	6.550	19-Oct-26	3,827	6,181
BNY - #186	5.800	07-Nov-28	5,832	7,295
BNY - #188	4.789	08-Aug-30	16,175	18,976
OFA - #189	4.560	15-Nov-31	3,917	4,424
BNY - #190	5.376	25-Jun-32	26,141	29,144
OFA - #191	4.900	03-Mar-33	8,549	9,430
OFA - #192	5.347	15-Nov-33	3,178	3,466
OFA - #193	5.062	13-Mar-34	1,943	2,114
OFA - #196	5.047	15-Nov-34	20,186	21,806
OFA - #197	5.232	13-Apr-35	678	729
OFA - #198	3.942	19-Sep-25	2,535	9,632
OFA - #199	4.833	11-Mar-36	866	926
OFA - #201	3.564	09-Mar-37	10,652	11,366
OFA - #202	3.799	19-Mar-38	7,286	7,719
OFA - #203	4.037	30-Oct-28	4,361	5,513
OFA - #204	4.003	11-Mar-39	7,820	8,237
OFA - #206	2.993	09-Mar-40	134	141
OFA - #207	3.242	15-Mar-41	5,399	5,656
Balance as at August 31			129,479	156,865

Principal and interest payments relating to net debenture debt and capital loans of \$156,820 outstanding as at August 31, 2025 are due as follows:

	<u>Principal</u> \$	<u>Interest</u> <u>Payments</u> \$	<u>Total</u> \$
2026	19,552	5,876	25,428
2027	16,538	4,962	21,500
2028	15,971	4,166	20,137
2029	15,089	3,379	18,468
2030	14,231	2,677	16,908
Thereafter	48,098	6,281	54,379
Total	129,479	27,341	156,820

Interest on net debenture debt and capital loans amounted to \$6,848 (2024 - \$8,222).

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

10. Temporary borrowing

The Board has lines of credit available to a maximum of \$75,000 on revolving facilities to address operating requirements to bridge capital expenditures.

Interest on the operating facilities range from the bank's prime lending rate minus 0.75%, while the CORRA based loans range from daily/term CORRA Rate plus 1.05%. All loans are unsecured, due on demand and are in the form of term loans.

11. Debt charges and capital loans interest

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	\$	\$
Principal payments on long-term liabilities	27,386	26,040
Interest payments on long-term liabilities	<u>6,848</u>	<u>8,222</u>
Balance as at August 31	<u>34,234</u>	<u>34,262</u>

12. Core education funding

School boards in Ontario receive the majority of their funding from the provincial government. This funding comes in two forms: provincial legislative grants and location taxation in the form of education property tax. The provincial government sets the education property tax rate. Municipalities in which the board operates collect and remit education property taxes on behalf of the Province of Ontario. The Province of Ontario provides additional funding up to the level set by the education funding formulas. 83% (2024 – 80%) of the consolidated revenues of the Board are directly controlled by the provincial government through the core education funding. The payment amounts of this funding are as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	\$	\$
Provincial Legislative Grants	464,422	449,329
Education Property Tax	<u>193,413</u>	<u>191,144</u>
Core education funding	<u>657,835</u>	<u>640,473</u>

York Catholic District School Board
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

13. Expenses by object

The following is a summary of the expenses reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations by object:

	<u>2025</u> Budget \$	<u>2025</u> Actual \$	<u>2024</u> Actual \$
Salary and wages	499,614	533,831	577,249
Employee benefits	84,945	88,153	93,812
Staff development	843	620	621
Supplies and services	58,256	59,123	58,764
Interest charges on capital	6,848	6,848	8,222
Rental expenses	641	669	724
Fees and contract services	37,788	37,661	33,281
Other	1,222	943	740
Transfer to other boards	-	-	856
Amortization and write-downs of tangible capital assets	38,786	38,576	37,371
Amortization expenses on TCA - ARO	<u>192</u>	<u>205</u>	<u>191</u>
Total expenses	<u>729,135</u>	<u>766,629</u>	<u>811,831</u>

York Catholic District School Board Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

14. Tangible capital assets

<u>Cost</u>	<u>Balance at August 31, 2024</u> \$	<u>Additions and Transfers</u> \$	<u>Disposals, write-offs, Adjustments</u> \$	<u>Revaluation of TCA-ARO</u> \$	<u>Balance at August 31, 2025</u> \$
Land	261,576	19,203	-	-	280,779
Land improvements	64,208	8,034	-	-	72,242
Buildings	1,166,366	12,484	-	198	1,179,048
Furniture and equipment	11,103	3,727	3,029	-	11,801
Construction in progress	552	712	-	-	1,264
Total cost	1,503,805	44,160	3,029	198	1,545,134

<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>	<u>Balance at August 31, 2024</u> \$	<u>Additions and Transfers</u> \$	<u>Disposals, write-offs, Adjustments</u> \$	<u>Revaluation of TCA-ARO</u> \$	<u>Balance at August 31, 2025</u> \$
Land improvements	27,092	4,158	-	-	31,250
Buildings	545,075	32,792	-	-	577,867
Furniture and equipment	5,729	1,831	3,029	-	4,531
Total cost	577,896	38,781	3,029	-	613,648

Net book value

	<u>2025</u> \$	<u>2024</u> \$
Land		
Land improvements	280,779	261,576
Buildings	40,992	37,116
Furniture and equipment	601,181	621,291
Construction in progress	7,270	5,374
Total net book value	931,486	925,909

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

14. Tangible capital assets (continued)

a) Assets under construction

Assets under construction having a value of \$1,264 (2024 - \$552) have not been amortized. Amortization of these assets will commence when the assets are put into service.

b) Write-down of Tangible Capital Assets

The write-down of tangible capital assets during the year was \$nil (2024 - \$nil).

15. Accumulated surplus

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	\$	\$
Accumulated surplus consists of the following:		
Invested in non-depreciable tangible capital assets	280,779	261,576
Employee future benefits to be covered in the future	(4,556)	(4,556)
Interest accrual	(1,480)	(1,843)
School Generated Funds	10,080	9,370
Asset Retirement Obligations to be covered in the future	(5,108)	(4,903)
Unrestricted	<u>(1,513)</u>	<u>(9,883)</u>
Total accumulated surplus	<u>278,202</u>	<u>249,761</u>

16. Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE)

The Board is a member of the Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE), a reciprocal insurance company licensed under the Insurance Act of Ontario. OSBIE insures general liability, property damage and certain other risks. Liability insurance is available to a maximum of \$24,000 per occurrence. Premiums paid to OSBIE for the policy year ending December 31, 2025 amounted to \$1,609 (2024 - \$1,611).

Any school board wishing to join OSBIE must execute a reciprocal insurance exchange agreement whereby every member commits to a five-year subscription period, the current one of which will end on December 31, 2026.

OSBIE exercises stewardship over the assets of the reciprocal, including the guarantee fund. While no individual school board enjoys any entitlement to access the assets of the reciprocal, the agreement provides for two circumstances when a school board, that is a member of a particular underwriting group, may receive a portion of the accumulated funds of the reciprocal.

- 1) In the event that the board of directors determines, in its absolute discretion, that the exchange has accumulated funds in excess of those required to meet the obligations of the Exchange, in respect of claims arising in prior years in respect of the underwriting group, the Board of Directors may reduce the actuarially determined rate for policies of insurance or may grant premium credits or policyholder dividends for that underwriting group in any subsequent underwriting year.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

16. Ontario School Board Insurance Exchange (OSBIE) (continued)

- 2) Upon termination of the exchange of reciprocal contracts of insurance within an Underwriting Group, the assets related to the Underwriting Group, after payment of all obligations, and after setting aside an adequate reserve for further liabilities, shall be returned to each Subscriber in the Underwriting Group according to its subscriber participation ratio and after termination the reserve for future liabilities will be reassessed from time to time and when all liabilities have been discharged, any remaining assets returned as the same basis upon termination.

In the event that a Board or other Board organization ceases to participate in the exchange of contracts of insurance within an Underwriting Group or within the Exchange, it shall continue to be liable for any Assessment(s) arising during or after such ceased participation in respect of claims arising prior to the effective date of its termination of membership in the Underwriting Group or in the exchange, unless satisfactory arrangements are made with the Board of Directors to buy out such liability.

17. Contractual obligations and contingent liabilities

Contractual obligations

The Board enters into contracts for construction and renovation of various new and existing schools. The Board's commitment under these contracts as at August 31, 2025 is \$22,297.

Contingent liabilities

The Board is contingently liable with respect to litigation and claims, which arise from time to time in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the liability that may arise from such contingencies would not have a significant adverse effect on the financial statements of the Board.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

18. Transportation consortium

In September 2010, the Board renewed its agreement with York Region District School Board in order to provide common administration of student transportation in the Region. This agreement was executed in an effort to increase delivery efficiency and cost effectiveness of student transportation for each of the Boards. Under the agreement, decisions related to the financial and operating activities of Student Transportation Services of York Region Consortium are shared. No partner is in a position to exercise unilateral control.

Each Board participates in the shared costs associated with this service for the transportation of their respective students through Student Transportation Services of York Region. This entity is proportionately consolidated in the Board's consolidated financial statements whereby the board's pro-rata share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the consortium are included in the Board's consolidated financial statements. The Board's pro-rata share for 2025 is 33.9% (2024 – 50.0%). The transportation consortium has no assets, liabilities or revenue for 2025 and 2024. Inter-organizational transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The following summarizes the School Board's share of expenses:

	<u>2025</u> <u>Total</u>	<u>2025</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Portion</u>	<u>2024</u> <u>Total</u>	<u>2024</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Portion</u>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenses	<u>1,901</u>	<u>644</u>	<u>1,967</u>	<u>983</u>

19. Repayment of "55 school board trust" funding

On June 1, 2003, the Board received \$3,008 from The 55 School Board Trust for its capital related debt eligible for provincial funding support pursuant to a 30-year agreement it entered into with the trust. The 55 School Board Trust was created to refinance the outstanding not permanently financed (NPF) debt of participating boards who are beneficiaries of the trust. Under the terms of the agreement, The 55 School Board Trust repaid the Board's debt in consideration for the assignment by the Board to the trust of future provincial grants payable to the Board in respect of the NPF debt.

As a result of the above agreement, the liability in respect of the NPF debt is no longer reflected in the Board's financial position. The flow-through of \$224 (2024 - \$224) in grants in respect of the above agreement for the year ended August 31, 2025, is recorded in these consolidated financial statements.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

20. Related party disclosures

The Ontario Financing Authority (OFA) provides financing to various public bodies on direction from the Province. These loans are included in the Province's consolidated financial statements.

The Board has principal amounts payable to OFA of \$77,503 (2024 - \$91,159). These loans bear interest ranging from 2.993% to 5.347% and mature from 2025 to 2041. Details of the loans are disclosed under Note 9.

21. In-kind transfers from the Ministry of Public and Business Service Delivery and Procurement

The Board has recorded entries, both revenues and expenses, associated with centrally procured in-kind transfers of personal protective equipment (PPE) and critical supplies and equipment (CSE) received from the Ministry of Public and Business Service Delivery and Procurement (MPBSDP). The amounts recorded were calculated based on the weighted average cost of the supplies as determined by MPBSDP and quantity information based on the Board's records. The in-kind revenue for these transfers, recorded in Provincial grants - other, is \$30 with expenses based on use of \$30 recorded in Other expenses for a net impact of \$nil.

22. Future accounting standard adoption

The Board is in the process of assessing the impact of the upcoming new standards and the extent of the impact of their adoption on its financial statements.

Applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026 (in effect for the board as of September 1, 2026 for the year ending August 31, 2027). Standards must be implemented at the same time:

New Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS) Conceptual Framework:

This new model is a comprehensive set of concepts that underlie and support financial reporting. It is the foundation that assists:

- preparers to account for items, transactions and other events not covered by standards;
- auditors to form opinions regarding compliance with accounting standards;
- users in interpreting information in financial statements; and
- Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) to develop standards grounded in the public sector environment.

The main changes are:

- Additional guidance to improve understanding and clarity
- Non-substantive changes to terminology/definitions
- Financial statement objectives foreshadow changes in the Reporting Model
- Relocation of recognition exclusions to the Reporting Model
- Consequential amendments throughout the Public Sector Accounting Handbook

The framework is expected to be implemented prospectively.

York Catholic District School Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

August 31, 2025

(All amounts in thousands of dollars)

22. Future Accounting Standard Adoption (continued)

Reporting Model- PS 1202- Financial Statement Presentation:

This reporting model provides guidance on how information should be presented in the financial statements and will replace PS 1201- Financial Statement Presentation. The model is expected to be implemented retroactively with restatement of prior year amounts.

The main changes are:

- Restructured Statement of Financial Position
 - Introduction of financial and non-financial liabilities
 - Amended non-financial asset definition
 - New components of net assets- accumulated other and issued share capital
 - Increased clarity regarding presentation of budget comparatives on the Statement of Operations
 - Relocated net debt to its own statement
 - Renamed the net debt indicator
 - Revised the net debt calculation
 - Removed the Statement of Change in Net Debt
 - New Statement of Net Financial Assets/Liabilities
 - New Statement of Changes in Net Assets Liabilities
 - Financing transactions presented separately from operating, capital and investing transactions on the Statement of Cash Flows
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